

Logical and Mathematical Notation

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	BESTT	PVS	Oberon	Huth/Ryan	Dr. Khedri
truth values type	*	bool	BOOLEAN	—	B
truth	\top	TRUE	TRUE	T, \top	true
falsehood	F	FALSE	FALSE	F, \perp	false
conjunction	$A \wedge B$	A AND $B, A \& B$	$A \& B$	$A \wedge B$	$A \wedge B$
disjunction	$A \vee B$	A OR B	A OR B	$A \vee B$	$A \vee B$
negation	$\neg A$	NOT A	$\sim A$	$\neg A$	$\neg A$
implication	$A \Rightarrow B$	A IMPLIES $B, A \Rightarrow B$	—	$A \rightarrow B$	$A \Rightarrow B$
iff (bimplication)	$A \Leftrightarrow B$	A IFF $B, A \Leftrightarrow B$	$A = B$	$A \leftrightarrow B$	$A \Leftrightarrow B$
universal quantification	$\forall x : \alpha . A$	(FORALL($x:\alpha$): A)	—	$\forall x A$	$\forall(x \mid \alpha : A)$
existential quantification	$\exists x : \alpha . A$	(EXISTS($x:\alpha$): A)	—	$\exists x A$	$\exists(x \mid \alpha : A)$
equality	$s = t$	$s = t$	$s = t$	$s = t$	$s = t$
inequality	$s \neq t$	$s \neq t$	$s \# t$	$s \neq t$	$s \neq t$
if-then-else	if(A, s, t)	IF A THEN s ELSE t	—	—	—
functions type	$\alpha \rightarrow \beta$	$\alpha \rightarrow \beta$	—	—	$\alpha \rightarrow \beta$
function application	$f(a_1, \dots, a_n)$	$f(a_1, \dots, a_n)$	$f(a_1, \dots, a_n)$	$f(a_1, \dots, a_n)$	$f(a_1, \dots, a_n)$
function abstraction	$\lambda x : \alpha . t$	(LAMBDA($x:\alpha$): t)	—	—	—
definedness	$t \downarrow$	—	—	—	—
undefinedness	$t \uparrow$	—	—	—	—
equivalence ($s \downarrow \vee t \downarrow \supset s = t$)	$s \simeq t$	—	—	—	$s \stackrel{\Delta}{=} t$
definite description	$\text{I}x : \alpha . A$	—	—	—	—
undefined expression	\perp, \perp_α	—	—	—	—
tuples type	$\alpha_1 \times \dots \times \alpha_n$	$[\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n]$	—	—	$\alpha_1 \times \dots \times \alpha_n$
tuple	(a_1, \dots, a_n)	(a_1, \dots, a_n)	—	—	(a_1, \dots, a_n)
tuple projection	$\#m(a_1, \dots, a_n)$	proj- $m(a_1, \dots, a_n)$	—	—	—
list type	list[α]	list[α]	—	—	—
list	$\langle a_1, \dots, a_n \rangle$	(: a_1, \dots, a_n :)	—	—	—
empty list	nil	null	—	—	—
list construction	mlist(a, L)	cons(a, L)	—	—	—
list head	hd(L)	—	—	—	—
list tail	tl(L)	—	—	—	—
list projection	$L[m]$	—	—	—	—
set type	set[α]	set[α], setof[α]	—	—	$\mathcal{P}(\alpha)$
set	$\{a_1, \dots, a_n\}$	$\{a_1, \dots, a_n\}$	—	$\{a_1, \dots, a_n\}$	$\{a_1, \dots, a_n\}$
set membership	$a \in S$	member(a, S), $S(a)$	$s \text{ IN } t$	$a \in S$	$a \in S$
set abstraction	$\{x : \alpha \mid A\}$	$\{x:\alpha \mid A\}, (A)$	—	—	$\{x : \alpha \mid A\}$